

# Real-World Outcomes of Upfront Abiraterone in Metastatic Castration-Sensitive Prostate Cancer Patients at a Tertiary Care Hospital

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## OBJECTIVE

To assess the real-world efficacy of upfront abiraterone treatment on overall survival (OS) and progression-free survival (PFS) in patients with metastatic castration-sensitive prostate cancer in our population.

## METHODS

This retrospective study involved 47 adult patients aged 40 years and older. It focused exclusively on patients who were presented with de novo metastatic castration-sensitive disease and were treated with upfront abiraterone acetate. The study was carried out at the Department of Medical Oncology, Shaukat Khanum Memorial Cancer Hospital and Research Centre, Lahore, Pakistan. Patient data spanning 10 years, from 2014 to 2024, was collected from hospital records.

## RESULTS

The cohort demonstrated a median progression-free survival (PFS) of 20.7 months and a median overall survival (OS) of 38.4 months. These outcomes represent the entire study population, irrespective of subgroup classification. Different subgroup analyses do not show any statistically significant difference.

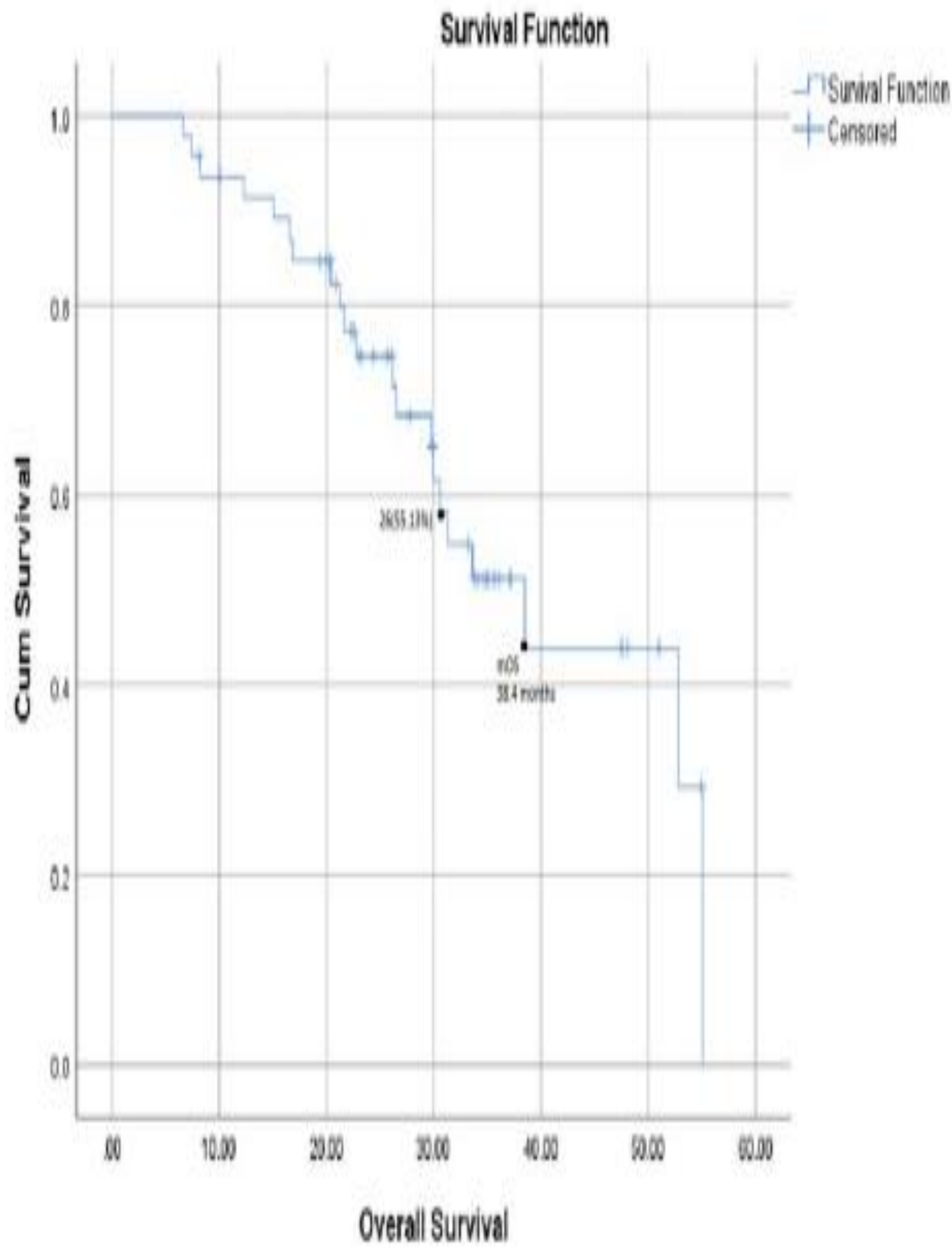


FIGURE 2: Overall survival in months from the commencement of therapy to the date of death or last follow-up

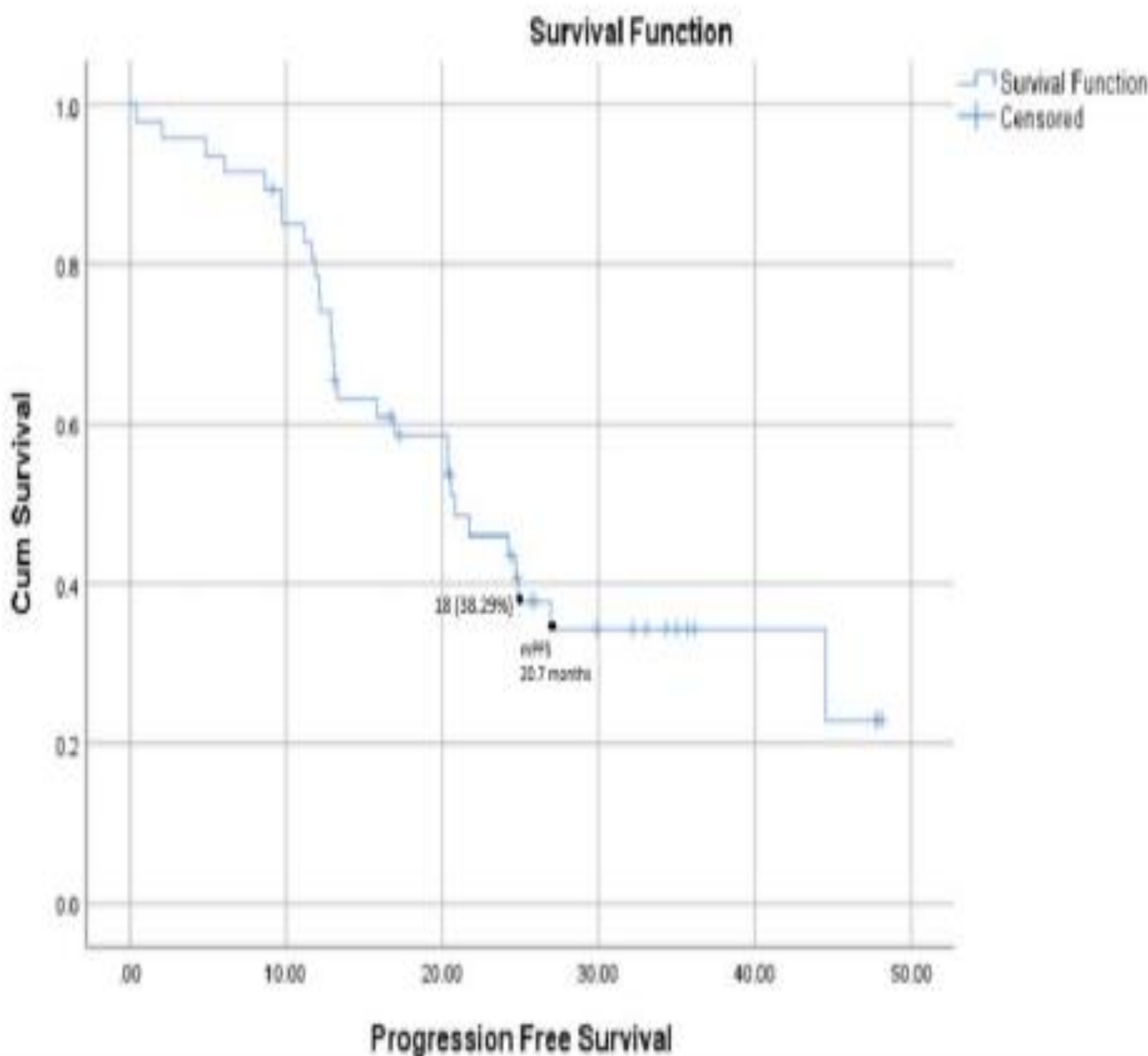


FIGURE 1: Progression-free survival in months from the commencement of abiraterone

## CONCLUSION

The study concludes that the real-world outcomes of upfront abiraterone in mCSPC are lower within our population than those observed in clinical trials. Additionally, there was no statistically significant difference between subgroups in our study. To confirm these findings and better understand which patient populations may derive the most benefit from this treatment, future research with larger, preferably prospective, cohorts is necessary.